# Consolidated Financial Statements of CITY OF LANGLEY

Year ended December 31, 2020

# **Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2020**

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Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2020

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

The management of the City of Langley (the "City") is responsible for the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements and the preparation and presentation of all information in the Financial Report. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and are considered by management to present fairly the financial position and operating results of the City. The City's accounting procedures and related systems of internal control are designed to provide reasonable assurance that its assets are safeguarded and its financial records are reliable.

City Council accepts the consolidated financial statements and meets with management to determine that management has fulfilled its obligation in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The City's independent auditor, BDO Canada LLP, has examined the consolidated financial statements and their report outlines the scope of their examination and their opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the City of Langley.

Darrin Leite, CPA, CA

**Director of Corporate Services** 

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Mayor and Council of the City of Langley

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the City of Langley and its controlled entities (the "Consolidated Entity"), which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2020 and the Consolidated Statement of Operations, Consolidated Changes in Net Financial Assets, and the Consolidated Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Consolidated Entity as at December 31, 2020 and its consolidated results of operations, its consolidated changes in net financial assets, and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of this report. We are independent of the Consolidated Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Unaudited Information

We have not audited, reviewed, or otherwise attempted to verify the accuracy or completeness of the Schedule 5 of the City's consolidated financial statements.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Consolidated Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Consolidated Entity's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Consolidated Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Consolidated Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Consolidated Entity to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants Vancouver, British Columbia May XX, 2021

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

	2020	2019
Financial Assets		
Cash & cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 38,242,672	\$ 42,873,431
Accounts receivable		
Taxes and utilities receivable	4,695,714	4,347,989
Receivables from other governments	1,466,584	2,439,712
Other receivables	2,716,350	2,157,382
Portfolio investments (Note 2)	52,000,000	32,101,800
	99,121,320	83,920,314
Liabilities		
Prepaid property taxes	4,172,830	4,664,303
Employee future benefits (Note 3)	377,026	363,046
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
Payables to other governments (Note 4)	13,832,165	6,949,490
Other payables	3,549,900	3,292,756
Deferred revenue	2,745,528	2,130,958
Deferred development cost charges (Note 5)	25,801,520	20,901,408
	50,478,969	38,301,961
Net Financial Assets	48,642,351	45,618,353
Non-Financial Assets		
Prepaid expenses	241,299	159,777
Supplies inventory	179,733	151,058
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 4)	264,913,669	260,169,178
	265,334,701	260,480,013
Accumulated Surplus (Note 6)	\$ 313,977,052	\$ 306,098,366

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Darrin Leite, CPA, CA

Director of Corporate Services

Val van den Broek Mayor

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# **Consolidated Statement of Operations**

Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

	2020 Financial Plan	2020	2019
	(Note 13)		
Revenues (Schedules 2 & 3)	( - /		
Property tax revenue (Note 7)	\$ 31,840,560	\$ 30,368,697	\$ 29,601,511
User fees and other revenue	12,770,840	14,208,891	13,410,968
Gaming proceeds	7,200,000	1,533,582	7,490,986
Government transfers (Note 8)	2,610,470	6,166,516	2,205,532
Investment earnings	742,500	1,280,883	1,596,503
DCC revenue recognized (Note 5)	1,372,890	912,211	1,043,567
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	(126,378)	(31,860)
Contributed tangible capital assets	-	2,090,095	1,341,637
ů .	56,537,260	56,434,497	56,658,844
Expenses (Schedules 2 & 3)			
General government services	6,257,420	5,407,905	5,509,973
Police service	12,987,650	13,006,829	12,107,298
Fire service	5,675,060	5,192,210	4,907,545
Other protective services	878,285	789,379	805,174
Engineering operations	7,600,815	6,185,837	6,135,382
Water utility	4,819,020	4,330,410	4,116,255
Sewer and drainage utility	4,344,965	4,368,535	3,645,034
Development services	1,445,095	1,218,374	1,579,381
Solid waste	709,610	688,451	683,060
Recreation services	5,257,585	4,584,943	5,056,626
Parks	2,949,985	2,782,938	2,806,998
	52,925,490	48,555,811	47,352,726
Annual Surplus	3,611,770	7,878,686	9,306,118
Accumulated Surplus - beginning of year	306,098,366	306,098,366	296,792,248
Accumulated Surplus - end of year (Note 6)	\$ 309,710,136	\$ 313,977,052	\$ 306,098,366

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

	2020 Financial 2020 Plan				2019	
		(Note 13)				
Annual Surplus	\$	3,611,770	\$	7,878,686	\$ 9,306,118	
Change in Capital Assets						
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(15,685,830)		(8,816,837)	(6,883,395)	
Contributed tangible capital assets		-		(2,090,095)	(1,341,637)	
Amortization		5,700,000		5,967,313	5,959,166	
Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets		-		68,750	7,350	
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		-		126,378	31,860	
		(9,985,830)		(4,744,491)	(2,226,656)	
Change in Other Non Financial assets						
Increase in prepaid expenses		-		(81,522)	(52,145)	
Increase in supplies inventory		-		(28,675)	(28,185)	
		-		(110,197)	(80,330)	
Increase (Decrease) in Financial Assets		(6,374,060)		3,023,998	6,999,132	
Net Financial Assets - beginning of year		45,618,353		45,618,353	38,619,221	
Net Financial Assets - end of year	\$	39,244,293	\$	48,642,351	\$ 45,618,353	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

	2020			2019
Cash Provided By (Used For)				
Operating Transactions Annual surplus	\$	7,878,686	\$	9,306,118
Items not involving cash:  DCC revenue recognized  Amortization  Amortization of investment premiums and discounts  Contributed tangible capital assets  Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		(912,211) 5,967,313 - (2,090,095) 126,378		(1,043,567) 5,959,166 (1,540) (1,341,637) 31,860
Changes in non-cash working capital:     Accounts receivable     Prepaid property taxes     Accounts payable and accrued liabilities     Prepaid expenses     Supplies inventory     Deferred revenue		66,435 (491,473) 7,153,799 (81,522) (28,675) 614,570 18,203,205		(134,119) 340,706 (604,498) (52,145) (28,185) 794,058 13,226,217
Capital Transactions  Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets  Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets		(8,816,837) 68,750 (8,748,087)		(6,883,395) 7,350 (6,876,045)
Financing Transactions  Receipt of deferred development cost charges and interest earned		5,812,323		4,365,973
Investing Transactions Purchase of investments Redemption of investments		(52,000,000) 32,101,800 (19,898,200)		(32,101,800) 42,100,000 9,998,200
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(4,630,759)		20,714,345
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning of year		42,873,431		22,159,086
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end of year	\$	38,242,672	\$	42,873,431

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

#### 1. Significant accounting policies:

The City of Langley (the "City") is a municipality in the province of British Columbia and operates under the provisions of the Community Charter. The City provides municipal services such as policing, fire protection, public works, planning, parks, recreation and other general government services.

#### (A) Reporting Entity and Basis of Consolidation:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards using guidelines developed by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. They consolidate the activities of all the funds of the City and the City's inactive wholly-owned subsidiary Langley City Development Corporation.

#### (B) Basis of Accounting:

The City follows the accrual method of accounting for revenues and expenses. Revenues are normally recognized in the year in which they are earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and/or the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

#### (C) Non Financial Assets:

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

#### (D) Tangible Capital Assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Cost includes all costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of the tangible capital asset including transportation and installation costs, design and engineering fees, legal fees and site preparation costs. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated life of the tangible capital asset, commencing once the asset is put into use. Assets under construction are not amortized. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair value at the time of contribution and are also recorded as revenue.

Estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets are as follows:

Land Improvements	5 to 30 years
Buildings	10 to 50 years
Vehicles	7 to 20 years
Furniture & Equipment	3 to 20 years
Transportation Infrastructure	10 to 100 years
Sewer & Drainage Infrastructure	10 to 80 years
Water Infrastructure	12 to 80 years

#### (E) Revenue Recognition:

#### Property tax revenue

Taxes are recorded at estimated amounts when they meet the definition of an asset, have been authorized and the taxable event occurs. Annual levies for non-optional municipal services and general administrative services are recorded as property tax revenue in the year they are levied. Taxes receivable are recognized net of an allowance for anticipated uncollectable amounts. Levies imposed by other taxing authorities are not included as property tax revenue.

Through the British Columbia Assessment's appeal process, taxes may be adjusted by way of supplementary roll adjustments. The effects of these adjustments on taxes are recognized at the time they are awarded.

#### User fees and other revenue

Charges for licences and permits, solid waste fees, and sewer and water usage are recorded as user fees and other revenue as services are utilized and revenue is earned.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

#### (E) Revenue Recognition (Continued):

#### **Gaming proceeds**

Gaming proceeds, a specific type of government transfer, are recognized in the period in which they are earned.

#### **Government transfers**

Government transfers, which include legislative grants, are recognized as revenue in the financial statements when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

#### Collection of taxes on behalf of other taxing authorities

The City collects taxation revenue on behalf of other entities. Such levies, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the entities are not reflected in these financial statements.

#### **Investment earnings**

Investment income is recorded on the accrual basis and recognized when earned.

#### **Development cost charges**

Developers are required to pay funds to offset the cost of required infrastructure development. The amounts are recognized as a liability and accurae interest until spent on the required infrastructure. When qualifying expenditures are incurred, Development cost charges are recognized as revenue as an offsetting funding source.

#### Contributed tangible capital assets

Developers are required to provide subdivision infrastructure such as streets, lighting, sidewalks, and drainage etc. Upon completion, these assets are turned over to the City and recognized at the estimated fair market value.

#### (F) Use of Estimates/Measurement Uncertainty:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Significant areas requiring use of management estimates relate to the determination of employee future benefit liabilities, provisions for litigation and claims, collectibility of accounts receivable and the useful lives of tangible capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (G) Basis of Segmentation (Schedule 2 & 3):

Municipal services have been segmented by grouping services that have similar objectives (by function). Revenues that are directly related to the costs of the function have been attributed to each segment.

#### (H) Contaminated Sites:

Governments are required to accrue a liability for the costs to remediate a contaminated site. Liabilities are recognized when an environmental standard exists, contamination exceeds the standard, the government has responsibility for remediation, future economic benefits will be given up and a reasonable estimate can be made.

Management has assessed its potential liabilities under the new standard, including sites that are no longer in productive use and sites for which the City accepts responsibility. There are no such sites that had contamination in excess of an environmental standard requiring remediation at this time. Therefore, no liability was recognized as at December 31, 2020 or December 31, 2019.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

#### 2. Cash, cash equivalents and portfolio investments:

	2020		2019
\$	38,242,672 52,000,000	\$	42,873,431 32,101,800
<u>\$</u>	90,242,672	Þ	74,975,231
g pu	rposes:		
\$	24,071,236	\$	19,826,761
	14,891,748		10,039,764
	30,213,266		31,942,541
	21,066,422		13,166,165
\$	90,242,672	\$	74,975,231
	\$ g pu	\$ 38,242,672 52,000,000 \$ 90,242,672 g purposes: \$ 24,071,236 14,891,748 30,213,266 21,066,422	\$ 38,242,672 \$ 52,000,000 \$ 90,242,672 \$ g purposes: \$ 24,071,236 \$ 14,891,748 \$ 30,213,266 \$ 21,066,422

Cash and cash equivalents includes funds held in bank accounts at BMO Bank of Montreal earning interest of prime rate less 1.45% (2019 - prime rate less 1.65%).

Portfolio investments, which include term deposits, have effective interest rates between 1.30% and 2.65% (2019 - 1.80% and 3.10%) with varying maturity dates up to 12 months. Portfolio investments are recorded at amortized cost. The market value of the investments as at December 31, 2020 was \$52,000,000 (2019 - \$32,101,800). Investments are written down to net realizable value when there has been a decline other than a temporary one.

#### 3. Employee future benefits:

The City provides employee future benefits in the form of non-vested sick leave to qualifying employees. These benefits are accrued as earned and paid when taken by employees.

Employee sick leave is credited annually at 18 days per full year of service. Unused days are banked to a maximum of 120 days. The City does not pay out the value of the cumulative sick plan bank at retirement or termination of employment; however, the City could experience usage of these banks in periods leading up to retirement, resulting in a non-vested liability.

An actuarial evaluation of these benefits was performed to determine the City's estimated liability and accrued benefit obligation as at December 31, 2019 which was then extrapolated to December 31, 2020. The valuation resulted in an unamortized actuarial loss as of December 31, 2020 of \$84,074 (2019 - \$94,454). Actuarial losses are amortized over the estimated average remaining service life of employees. The next valuation will be as at December 31, 2023.

The employee future benefit liability at December 31, 2020 was \$377,026 (2019 - \$363,046), comprised as follows:

	2020	2019
Benefit liability - beginning of year	\$ 363,046	\$ 347,452
Current service cost	41,500	36,225
Interest cost	12,800	13,217
Benefits paid	(50,700)	(44,228)
Amortization of actuarial loss	10,380	10,380
Benefit liability - end of year	\$ 377,026	\$ 363,046
Accrued benefit obligation - end of year	\$ 461,100	\$ 457,500
Unamortized actuarial loss	 (84,074)	(94,454)
Benefit liability - end of year	\$ 377,026	\$ 363,046

Actuarial assumptions used to determine the City's accrued benefit obligation are as follows:

	2020	2019
Discount rate	2.70%	2.70%
Expected future inflation rate	2.50%	2.50%
Merit and inflationary earnings increases	2.58-4.63%	2.58-4.63%
Estimated average remaining service life	10.1	10.1

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

#### 4. Payables to other governments:

In order to to assist with potential cash flow requirements caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Province of BC allowed the City to hold onto the School Property Tax collected until January 2021. This deferred payment created a large one time increase of \$5,773,809 in payables to other governments.

#### 5. Deferred development cost charges:

·	Balance at Dec. 31, 2019	 ntributions Received	Interest Earned	Dev	Use of relopment at Charges	Balance at Dec. 31, 2020
Drainage	\$ 3,943,002	\$ 613,875	\$ 73,381	\$	-	\$ 4,630,258
Public Open Spaces	4,204,195	283,049	73,640		(358,803)	4,202,081
Roads	5,860,129	2,184,145	116,920		(402,800)	7,758,394
Sewer	5,080,484	1,803,752	101,457		(150,608)	6,835,085
Water	1,813,598	526,688	35,416		-	2,375,702
	\$20,901,408	\$ 5,411,509	\$ 400,814	\$	(912,211)	\$ 25,801,520

#### 6. Accumulated surplus:

Accumulated surplus is distributed as follows:

		2020	20	19
Operating surplus				
General	\$	1,389,417	\$ 1,3	384,614
Sewer & Drainage		1,153,473	1,	151,222
Water		1,415,479	1,4	111,047
Equity in tangible capital assets		3,958,369	3,9	946,883
General	2	208,353,111	205,2	236,567
Sewer & Drainage		32,837,268	31,	522,691
Water		23,723,290	23,4	409,920
Reserves (Schedule 1)	2	264,913,669	260,	169,178
Statutory reserves		14,891,748	10,0	039,764
Non-statutory reserves		30,213,266	31,9	942,541
		45,105,014	41,9	982,305
	\$ 3	313,977,052	\$ 306,0	098,366

#### 7. Property tax revenue:

In addition to its own tax levies, the City is required to levy taxes on behalf of various other taxing authorities. These include the provincial government for local school taxes, and organizations providing regional services in which the Municipality has become a member. Total tax levies were comprised as follows:

	20	20 Financial		
		Plan	2020	2019
City property taxes	\$	31,267,750	\$ 29,790,916	\$ 29,026,233
Grants in lieu of taxes		572,810	577,781	575,278
		31,840,560	30,368,697	29,601,511
Levies for other organizations				
School taxes			10,607,661	15,264,836
TransLink			3,551,844	3,161,991
British Columbia Assessment Authority			518,293	467,974
Metro Vancouver			619,484	461,938
Downtown Langley Merchants Assoc.			497,976	465,398
Municipal Finance Authority			2,429	2,311
Total collections for others			15,797,687	19,824,448
			\$ 46,166,384	\$ 49,425,959

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

#### 8. Government transfers:

	20	20 Financial		
		Plan	2020	2019
Federal Government				
Community works fund	\$	133,880	\$ 132,591	\$ 266,475
		133,880	132,591	266,475
Provincial Government				
Hotel tax revenue		180,000	78,063	200,269
Carbon tax revenue sharing		22,800	22,809	22,809
Traffic fine revenue sharing		475,000	600,619	475,823
Canada-BC safe restart fund		-	4,151,000	-
		677,800	4,852,491	698,901
Municipalities and Regional Authorities				
Police building capital adjustment		40,200	51,233	49,423
Langley Youth & Family Services		378,890	361,809	363,221
Emergency preparedness		36,700	27,608	16,512
Major road network		633,000	96,000	645,000
Infrastructure funding		710,000	644,784	166,000
		1,798,790	1,181,434	1,240,156
	\$	2,610,470	\$ 6,166,516	\$ 2,205,532

#### 9. Trust funds:

The City has excluded the following trust funds and associated cash and accounts receivable from the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and related interest earnings and transactions from the Consolidated Statement of Operations:

	 2020	2019
Langley Christmas Bureau	\$ 408,241	\$ 214,826
Refundable deposits	11,696,393	11,662,955
Road bond reserve	41,350	41,350
SCBCTA development cost charges	62,400	-
GVS & DD development cost charges	 636,427	206,607
	\$ 12,844,811	\$ 12,125,738

These funds were received from the public for specific purposes or are deposited by developers and held by the City until all aspects for the development permit have been fulfilled.

#### 10. Expenditures and expenses by object (Schedules 2 & 3):

	2020	2019
	Operations Capital <b>Total</b>	Total
Salaries & benefits	\$ 13,833,462 \$ 326,837 \$ 14,160,299	\$ 14,651,582
Goods and services	28,755,036 8,490,000 37,245,036	33,625,373
Contributed tangible capital assets	- 2,090,095 2,090,095	1,341,637
Total expenditures	42,588,498 10,906,932 53,495,430	49,618,592
Amortization	5,967,313 - 5,967,313	5,959,166
Total expenditures & expenses	\$ 48,555,811 \$ 10,906,932 \$ 59,462,743	\$ 55,577,758

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

#### 11. Municipal pension plan:

The employer and its employees contribute to the Municipal Pension Plan (a jointly trusteed pension plan). The board of trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for administering the plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The plan is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. As at December 31, 2019, the plan has about 213,000 active members and approximately 106,000 retired members. Active members include approximately 41,000 contributors from local governments.

Every three years, an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the plan and adequacy of plan funding. The actuary determines an appropriate combined employer and member contribution rate to fund the plan. The actuary's calculated contribution rate is based on the entry-age normal cost method, which produces the long-term rate of member and employer contributions sufficient to provide benefits for average future entrants to the plan. This rate may be adjusted for the amortization of any actuarial funding surplus and will be adjusted for the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability.

The most recent valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan as at December 31, 2018, indicated a \$2,866 million funding surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

The City of Langley paid \$1,105,259 (2019 - \$1,080,498) for employer contributions while employees contributed \$920,173 (2019 - \$898,597) to the plan in fiscal 2020.

The next valuation will be as at December 31, 2021, with results available in 2022.

Employers participating in the plan record their pension expense as the amount of employer contributions made during the fiscal year (defined contribution pension plan accounting). This is because the plan records accrued liabilities and accrued assets for the plan in aggregate, resulting in no consistent and reliable basis for allocating the obligation, assets and cost to individual employers participating in the plan.

#### 12. Contingent liabilities:

A number of legal claims have been initiated against the City in varying and unspecified amounts. As none of the claims are likely to be successful and/or can not be reasonably estimated, no provisions have been recorded in the financial statements.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

#### 13. Financial plan:

The financial plan reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations represents the Financial Plan and Capital Improvement Plan bylaw adopted by City Council on February 24, 2020 and does not reflect any amendments approved after the original adoption.

The following reconciles the statutory financial plan and the financial plan surplus reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

	Financial Plan
Surplus as per Financial Plan Bylaw No. 3120	\$ -
Capital asset additions	15,685,830
Amortization expense	(5,700,000)
Debt repayment	557,665
Borrowing proceeds	(10,000,000)
Net use of reserves to balance financial plan Transfer from surplus	-
Transfer to non-statutory reserves	9,343,135
Transfer to statutory reserves	1,744,970
Transfer from non-statutory reserves	(5,903,045)
Transfer from statutory reserves	(2,116,785)
	3,068,275
Financial Plan Surplus as per Consolidated Statement of Operations	\$ 3,611,770

### 14. Contractual rights:

#### (A) Developer contributions:

The City has entered into a number of public works development agreements which require the developers to contribute various infrastructure assets to the City, including roads and underground utilities. The timing and extent of these future contributions vary depending on development activity and fair value of the assets received at time of contribution, which cannot be determined with certainty at this time.

#### (B) Gaming proceeds:

The City has a Host Financial Assistance Agreement with the Province of BC where the Province has agreed that 10% of the net gaming income from the Cascades Casino will be paid to the City of Langley, as financial assistance, for any purpose that would be of public benefit to the City. In 2020, the City recognized \$1,533,582 (2019 - \$7,490,986) in revenues from the Province. Due to COVID-19 the casino has been temporarily closed, so the 2021 gaming proceeds are not expected to resume until provincial health orders are lifted.

#### 14. COVID-19

On March 11, 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The pandemic caused signficant impacts to the City's 2020 operations. The pandemic continues to provide uncertainty over the City's future cash flows, and may have a significant impact on the City's future operations. Potential impacts on the City's business could include future decreases in revenue, reduction in investment income, and delays in completing capital project work. The situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and the financial effects of the City is not known at this time.

Schedule 1 Consolidated Schedule of Statutory and Non-statutory Reserves Year ended December 31, 2020

Statutory Reserves	Balance at Dec. 31, 2019	Developer Contributions	ernal Transfer Additions	Interest	 ernal Transfer xpenditures	perational penditures	Capital Asset Additions	Balance at Dec. 31, 2020
Capital Works	\$ 6,780,982	\$ -	\$ 6,292,565	\$ 125,433	\$ -	\$ (509,676)	\$ (765,511)	\$ 11,923,793
Equipment Replacement-Fire Dept.	760,225	-	55,000	13,814	-	-	(109,327)	719,712
Lane Development	271,579	-	-	4,763	-	-	-	276,342
Machinery Replacement	1,587,856	-	631,080	24,184	-	-	(933,492)	1,309,628
Off-Street Parking	291,728	22,500	8,505	5,210	-	-	-	327,943
Office Equipment Replacement	21,851	-	46,500	793	-	-	(54,840)	14,304
Parks and Recreation	286,134	-	177,500	6,583	-	(69,446)	(120,845)	279,926
P&R Future Projects	39,409	-	-	691	-	-	-	40,100
Total	\$ 10,039,764	\$ 22,500	\$ 7,211,150	\$ 181,471	\$ -	\$ (579,122)	\$ (1,984,015)	\$ 14,891,748

Non-statutory Reserves	Balance at Dec. 31, 2019	Developer Contributions	Internal Transfers Additions	Interest	Internal Transfer Expenditures	Operational Expenditures	Capital Asset Additions	Balance at Dec. 31, 2020
Community Works	\$ 146,931	\$ -	\$ 132,591	\$ 1,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (275,000)	\$ 6,097
Future Policing Costs	3,484,656	-	494,583	61,111	(715,514)	-	(83,804)	3,241,032
Gaming Proceeds	15,427,472	-	1,557,693	280,399	-	(538,130)	(4,275,648)	12,451,786
Major Road Network Rehab	1,880,803	-	-	32,984	(185,992)	-	-	1,727,795
Prosperity Fund	1,909,820	-	1,000,000	33,493	-	-	-	2,943,313
Sewer Future Capital	1,172,346	-	420,000	25,854	-	(458,828)	(50,476)	1,108,896
Sewer Insurance Claims	33,399	-	-	586	-	-	-	33,985
Special Bonds	4,986,031	735,940	-	98,963	-	-	(76,277)	5,744,657
Tax Stabilization	1,356,047	-	-	23,781	-	-	-	1,379,828
Water Future Capital	1,545,036	-	480,000	32,924	-	(209,130)	(272,953)	1,575,877
Total	\$ 31,942,541	\$ 735,940	\$ 4,084,867	\$ 591,670	\$ (901,506)	\$ (1,206,088)	\$ (5,034,158)	\$ 30,213,266

**CITY OF LANGLEY** Schedule 2 Consolidated Report of Segmented Revenues and Expenses Year ended December 31, 2020

	General government	Police service	Fire service	Other protective services	Engineering operations	Water utility	Sewer & drainage utility	Development services	Solid waste	Recreation services	Parks	2020	2020 Financial Plan
Revenue													Note 13
Property tax revenue	\$30,368,697	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,368,697	\$31.840.560
User fees and other revenue	1,650,540	1,485	6,963	66,057	451,158	4,934,841	4,139,616	1,886,983	693,653	18,713	358,882	14,208,891	12,770,840
Gaming proceeds	1,533,582	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,533,582	7,200,000
Government transfers	4,161,387	651,852	_	389,416	113,684	_	627,100	223,077	_	_	_	6,166,516	2,610,470
Investment earnings	1,280,883	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	1,280,883	742,500
DCC revenue recognized	-	-	-	-	402,800	_	150,608	_	-	-	358,803	912,211	1,372,890
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(81)	) -	5,511	-	(14,005)	(26,494)	(90,609)	(700)	-	-	· -	(126,378)	
Contributed tangible capital assets	-	-	· -	-	1,004,948	512,207	572,940	-	-	-	_	2,090,095	-
Total Revenue	38,995,008	653,337	12,474	455,473	1,958,585	5,420,554	5,399,655	2,109,360	693,653	18,713	717,685	56,434,497	56,537,260
Expenses Operating Salaries & benefits Goods and services	3,108,145 1,799,707	10,529 12,917,422	4,185,221 713,191	127,779 661,600	1,806,513 1,868,377	524,750 3,375,954	484,991 3,246,768	909,398 280,720	17,253 671,198	1,516,628 2,240,754	1,142,255 979,345	13,833,462 28,755,036	16,336,840 30,618,650
Debt servicing	4 007 050	-	- 4 000 440	-	- 0.074.000	- 0.000.704	- 0.704.750	- 4 400 440	-	- 0.757.000	- 0.404.000	- 40 500 400	270,000
	4,907,852	12,927,951	4,898,412	789,379	3,674,890	3,900,704	3,731,759	1,190,118	688,451	3,757,382	2,121,600	42,588,498	47,225,490
Amortization	500,053	78,878	293,798	-	2,510,947	429,706	636,776	28,256	-	827,561	661,338	5,967,313	5,700,000
Total Expenses	5,407,905	13,006,829	5,192,210	789,379	6,185,837	4,330,410	4,368,535	1,218,374	688,451	4,584,943	2,782,938	48,555,811	52,925,490
Annual Surplus (Deficit)	\$ 33,587,103	\$(12,353,492)	\$ (5,179,736)	\$ (333,906)	\$ (4,227,252)	\$ 1,090,144	\$ 1,031,120	\$ 890,986	\$ 5,202	\$ (4,566,230)	\$ (2,065,253)	\$ 7,878,686	\$ 3,611,770

**CITY OF LANGLEY** 

Schedule 3 Consolidated Report of Segmented Revenues and Expenses Year ended December 31, 2019

	General government	Police service	Fire service	Other protective services	Engineering operations	Water utility	Sewer & drainage utility	Development services	Solid waste	Recreation services	Parks	2019	2019 Financial Plan
Revenue													
Property tax revenue	\$29,601,511	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$29,601,511	\$29,767,135
User fees and other revenue	1,415,487	1,555	9,557	75,262	226,899	4,942,624	4,078,808	1,851,231	680,642	9,287	119,616		13,343,245
Gaming proceeds	7,490,986	· -	-	, -	· -	-	-	, , , <u>-</u>	-	, -	· -	7,490,986	7,200,000
Government transfers	266,475	525,246	-	379,734	811,000	-	_	223,077	-	-	_	2,205,532	1,855,440
Investment earnings	1,596,503	· -	-	, -	· -	-	_	· -	-	-	_	1,596,503	714,500
DCC revenue recognized	-	_	_	-	180,201	203,065	91,132	_	-	-	569,169	1,043,567	757,350
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	-	_	-	(2,277)	(18,676)	(9,060)	) -	-	-	(1,847)	(31,860)	-
Contributed tangible capital assets	-	_	_	-	822,437	88,600	430,600	_	-	-	-	1,341,637	-
Total Revenue	40,370,962	526,801	9,557	454,996	2,038,260	5,215,613	4,591,480	2,074,308	680,642	9,287	686,938	56,658,844	53,637,670
Expenses Operating Salaries & benefits Goods and services Debt servicing	3,054,104 1,854,195 -	10,007 12,017,963 -	3,895,057 715,021 -	101,022 704,152 -	1,841,276 1,834,641 -	568,719 3,114,332 -	398,280 2,643,220	983,876 565,866 -	19,999 663,061 -	2,280,109 1,975,266	1,198,424 954,970 -	14,350,873 27,042,687 -	15,861,065 29,311,425 -
	4,908,299	12,027,970	4,610,078	805,174	3,675,917	3,683,051	3,041,500	1,549,742	683,060	4,255,375	2,153,394	41,393,560	45,172,490
Amortization	601,674	79,328	297,467	-	2,459,465	433,204	603,534		-	801,251	653,604	5,959,166	5,541,940
Total Expenses	5,509,973	12,107,298	4,907,545	805,174	6,135,382	4,116,255	3,645,034	1,579,381	683,060	5,056,626	2,806,998	47,352,726	50,714,430
Annual Surplus (Deficit)	\$34,860,989	\$(11,580,497)	\$ (4,897,988)	\$ (350,178)	\$ (4,097,122)	\$ 1,099,358	\$ 946,446	\$ 494,927	\$ (2,418)	\$ (5,047,339)	\$ (2,120,060)	\$ 9,306,118	\$ 2,923,240

Schedule 4 Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

Year ended December 31, 2020 with comparative figures for 2019

2020	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Furniture & Equipment	Transportation Infrastructure	Sewer & Drainage Infrastructure	Water Infrastructure	Total
Historical cost <sup>1</sup>									
Opening cost	\$ 66,754,749	\$ 14,168,792	\$ 41,897,012	\$ 8,256,555	\$ 8,628,113	\$ 143,528,191	\$ 49,892,401	\$ 34,118,690	\$ 367,244,503
Additions	956,499	1,630,955	834,575	1,059,512	575,759	3,048,487	2,038,972	762,173	10,906,932
Disposals	-	-	-	(451,752)	(6,096)	(95,004)	(244,914)	(136,358)	(934,124)
	67,711,248	15,799,747	42,731,587	8,864,315	9,197,776	146,481,674	51,686,459	34,744,505	377,217,311
Accumulated amortization									
Opening balance	-	4,929,329	18,238,533	4,576,248	5,910,534	44,342,201	18,369,710	10,708,770	107,075,325
Amortization expense	-	478,554	1,452,974	477,710	302,096	2,199,884	633,786	422,309	5,967,313
Disposals	-	-	-	(391,753)	(5,924)	(77,150)	(154,305)	(109,864)	(738,996)
	-	5,407,883	19,691,507	4,662,205	6,206,706	46,464,935	18,849,191	11,021,215	112,303,642
Net book value	\$ 67,711,248	\$ 10,391,864	\$ 23,040,080	\$ 4,202,110	\$ 2,991,070	\$ 100,016,739	\$ 32,837,268	\$ 23,723,290	\$ 264,913,669

2019	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Furniture & Equipment	Transportation Infrastructure	Sewer & Drainage Infrastructure	Water Infrastructure	Total
Historical cost <sup>1</sup> Opening cost	\$ 66,754,749	\$ 12,905,511	, , -,	¥ 0,020,.02	\$ 8,043,507			\$ 33,321,837	\$ 359,295,168
Additions Disposals		1,263,281 - 14,168,792	423,972	301,940 (73,847) 8,256,555	584,606 - 8,628,113	3,544,817 (155,991)	1,284,945 (21,241)	821,471 (24,618)	8,225,032 (275,697)
Accumulated amortization	66,754,749	,, -	41,897,012	, ,	8,628,113	143,528,191	49,892,401	34,118,690	367,244,503
Opening balance Amortization expense	-	4,455,633 473,696	16,722,323 1,516,210	4,206,410 433,389	5,581,196 329,338	42,315,396 2,181,618	17,782,208 599,683	10,289,480 425,232	101,352,646 5,959,166
Disposals	<del>-</del>	4,929,329	18,238,533	(63,551) 4,576,248	5,910,534	(154,813) 44,342,201	(12,181) 18,369,710	(5,942) 10,708,770	(236,487) 107,075,325
Net book value	\$ 66,754,749	\$ 9,239,463	\$ 23,658,479	\$ 3,680,307	\$ 2,717,579	\$ 99,185,990	\$ 31,522,691	\$ 23,409,920	\$ 260,169,178

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Included in historical cost are assets under construction with a total cost of \$39,477,646 (2019 - \$38,165,118). No amortization has been recorded on these assets as they are in progress and not complete at year-end.

Schedule 5
Annual Report on COVID-19 Safe Restart Grant Spending - (Unaudited)
Year ended December 31, 2020

	2020	2019
COVID-19 Safe Restart Grant		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ -	\$ -
Safe Restart Grant Received November 2020	4,151,000	-
Total Grant Funds Available	4,151,000	-
Less: Revenue shortfall gaming proceeds	(4,151,000)	-
Balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -

In November 2020, the City received the COVID-19 Safe Restart Grant of \$4.151 million from the Province of British Columbia. An annual report on the grant spending is a requirement of the Province and will be provided annually until the grant funds are fully spent. COVID-19 Safe Restart Funding is clasified as an unconditional Provincial operating government transfer with revenue recognized on the Statement of Operations in the period in which the funds were received.

As at December 31, 2020, all grant funds were fully spent.