# Consolidated Financial Statements of CITY OF LANGLEY

Year ended December 31, 2021

# Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021

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Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

The management of the City of Langley (the "City") is responsible for the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements and the preparation and presentation of all information in the Financial Report. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and are considered by management to present fairly the financial position and operating results of the City. The City's accounting procedures and related systems of internal control are designed to provide reasonable assurance that its assets are safeguarded and its financial records are reliable.

City Council accepts the consolidated financial statements and meets with management to determine that management has fulfilled its obligation in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The City's independent auditor, BDO Canada LLP, has examined the consolidated financial statements and their report outlines the scope of their examination and their opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the City of Langley.

Darrin Leite, CPA, CA

**Director of Corporate Services** 

#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Mayor and Council of the City of Langley

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the City of Langley and its controlled entities (the "Entity"), which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2021 and the Consolidated Statements of Operations, Changes in Net Financial Assets, and the Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2021 and its results of operations, its changes in net financial assets, and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of this report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

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- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Entity to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants Vancouver, British Columbia May •, 2022

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

	2021	2020
Financial Assets		
Cash & cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 31,298,391	\$ 38,242,672
Accounts receivable		
Taxes and utilities receivable	4,958,795	4,695,714
Receivables from other governments	5,411,223	1,466,584
Other receivables	3,459,923	2,716,350
Portfolio investments (Note 2)	59,000,000	52,000,000
	104,128,332	99,121,320
Liabilities		
Prepaid property taxes	5,712,822	4,172,830
Employee future benefits (Note 3)	400,406	377,026
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
Payables to other governments (Note 4)	11,917,072	13,832,165
Other payables	4,646,345	3,549,900
Deferred revenue	3,357,480	2,745,528
Deferred development cost charges (Note 5)	30,035,691	25,801,520
	56,069,816	50,478,969
Net Financial Assets	48,058,516	48,642,351
Non-Financial Assets		
Prepaid expenses	227,747	241,299
Supplies inventory	237,430	179,733
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 4)	272,261,728	264,913,669
- , , , , ,	272,726,905	265,334,701
Accumulated Surplus (Note 6)	\$ 320,785,421	\$ 313,977,052

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Darrin Leite, CPA, CA

**Director of Corporate Services** 

Val van den Broek Mayor

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# Consolidated Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

	2021 Financial Plan	2021	2020
	(Note 13)		
Revenues (Schedules 2 & 3)	,		
Property tax revenue (Note 7)	\$ 32,016,650	\$ 31,989,060	\$ 30,368,697
User fees and other revenue	13,988,290	14,797,258	14,208,891
Gaming proceeds	-	4,103,377	1,533,582
Government transfers (Note 8)	5,667,700	4,543,636	6,166,516
Investment earnings	574,000	907,665	1,280,883
DCC revenue recognized (Note 5)	884,670	1,130,277	912,211
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	(455,659)	(126,378)
Contributed tangible capital assets	-	2,692,587	2,090,095
	53,131,310	59,708,201	56,434,497
Expenses (Schedules 2 & 3)			
General government services	5,937,410	5,838,671	5,407,905
Police service	13,609,535	13,533,401	13,006,829
Fire service	5,714,710	5,405,448	5,192,210
Other protective services	881,435	798,241	789,379
Engineering operations	7,348,225	6,941,732	6,185,837
Water utility	4,639,490	5,570,458	4,330,410
Sewer and drainage utility	4,288,440	4,397,326	4,368,535
Development services	1,371,560	1,278,655	1,218,374
Solid waste	715,160	715,036	688,451
Recreation services	5,463,260	4,961,936	4,584,943
Parks	3,081,720	3,458,928	2,782,938
	53,050,945	52,899,832	48,555,811
Annual Surplus	80,365	6,808,369	7,878,686
Accumulated Surplus - beginning of year	313,977,052	313,977,052	306,098,366
Accumulated Surplus - end of year (Note 6)	\$ 314,057,417	\$ 320,785,421	\$ 313,977,052

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

		21 Financial Plan		2021		2020	
		(Note 13)					
Annual Surplus	\$	80,365	\$	6,808,369	\$	7,878,686	
Change in Capital Assets							
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(15,915,140)		(11,558,475)		(8,816,837)	
Contributed tangible capital assets	-			(2,692,587)		(2,090,095)	
Amortization	6,000,000			6,425,833		5,967,313	
Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets	=		21,511			68,750	
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets				455,659	126,378		
		(9,915,140)		(7,348,059)		(4,744,491)	
Change in Other Non Financial assets							
Increase in prepaid expenses		-		13,552		(81,522)	
Increase in supplies inventory		-		(57,697)		(28,675)	
		-		(44,145)		(110,197)	
Increase (Decrease) in Financial Assets		(9,834,775)		(583,835)		3,023,998	
Net Financial Assets - beginning of year		48,642,351		48,642,351		45,618,353	
Net Financial Assets - end of year	\$	38,807,576	\$	48,058,516	\$	48,642,351	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

	2021	2020
Cash Provided By (Used For)		
Operating Transactions Annual surplus	\$ 6,808,369	\$ 7,878,686
Items not involving cash:  DCC revenue recognized  Amortization  Contributed tangible capital assets  Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	(1,130,277) 6,425,833 (2,692,587) 455,659	(912,211) 5,967,313 (2,090,095) 126,378
Changes in non-cash working capital:     Accounts receivable     Prepaid property taxes     Accounts payable and accrued liabilities     Prepaid expenses     Supplies inventory     Deferred revenue	(4,951,293) 1,539,992 (795,268) 13,552 (57,697) 611,952 6,228,235	66,435 (491,473) 7,153,799 (81,522) (28,675) 614,570 18,203,205
Capital Transactions  Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets  Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets	 (11,558,475) 21,511 (11,536,964)	(8,816,837) 68,750 (8,748,087)
Financing Transactions  Receipt of deferred development cost charges and interest earned	5,364,448	5,812,323
Investing Transactions Purchase of investments Redemption of investments	(59,000,000) 52,000,000 (7,000,000)	(52,000,000) 32,101,800 (19,898,200)
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(6,944,281)	(4,630,759)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning of year	38,242,672	42,873,431
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end of year	\$ 31,298,391	\$ 38,242,672

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

#### 1. Significant accounting policies:

The City of Langley (the "City") is a municipality in the province of British Columbia and operates under the provisions of the Community Charter. The City provides municipal services such as policing, fire protection, public works, planning, parks, recreation and other general government services.

#### (A) Reporting Entity and Basis of Consolidation:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards using guidelines developed by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. They consolidate the activities of all the funds of the City and the City's inactive wholly-owned subsidiary Langley City Development Corporation.

#### (B) Basis of Accounting:

The City follows the accrual method of accounting for revenues and expenses. Revenues are normally recognized in the year in which they are earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and/or the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

#### (C) Non Financial Assets:

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

#### (D) Tangible Capital Assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Cost includes all costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of the tangible capital asset including transportation and installation costs, design and engineering fees, legal fees and site preparation costs. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated life of the tangible capital asset, commencing once the asset is put into use. Assets under construction are not amortized. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair value at the time of contribution and are also recorded as revenue.

Estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets are as follows:

Land Improvements	5 to 30 years
Buildings	10 to 50 years
Vehicles	7 to 20 years
Furniture & Equipment	3 to 20 years
Transportation Infrastructure	10 to 100 years
Sewer & Drainage Infrastructure	10 to 80 years
Water Infrastructure	12 to 80 years

#### (E) Revenue Recognition:

#### Property tax revenue

Taxes are recorded at estimated amounts when they meet the definition of an asset, have been authorized and the taxable event occurs. Annual levies for non-optional municipal services and general administrative services are recorded as property tax revenue in the year they are levied. Taxes receivable are recognized net of an allowance for anticipated uncollectable amounts. Levies imposed by other taxing authorities are not included as property tax revenue.

Through the British Columbia Assessment's appeal process, taxes may be adjusted by way of supplementary roll adjustments. The effects of these adjustments on taxes are recognized at the time they are known and can be reasonably estimated.

#### User fees and other revenue

Charges for licences and permits, solid waste fees, and sewer and water usage are recorded as user fees and other revenue as services are utilized and revenue is earned.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

#### (E) Revenue Recognition (Continued):

#### **Gaming proceeds**

Gaming proceeds, a specific type of government transfer, are recognized in the period in which they are earned.

#### **Government transfers**

Government transfers, which include legislative grants, are recognized as revenue in the financial statements when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

#### Collection of taxes on behalf of other taxing authorities

The City collects taxation revenue on behalf of other entities. Such levies, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the entities are not reflected in these financial statements.

#### **Investment earnings**

Investment income is recorded on the accrual basis and recognized when earned.

#### **Development cost charges**

Developers are required to pay funds to offset the cost of required infrastructure development. The amounts are recognized as a liability and accurue interest until spent on the required infrastructure. When qualifying expenditures are incurred, Development cost charges are recognized as revenue.

#### Contributed tangible capital assets

Developers are required to provide subdivision infrastructure such as streets, lighting, sidewalks, and drainage etc. Upon completion, these assets are turned over to the City and recognized at the estimated fair market value.

#### (F) Use of Estimates/Measurement Uncertainty:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Significant areas requiring use of management estimates relate to the determination of employee future benefit liabilities, provisions for litigation and claims, collectibility of accounts receivable and the useful lives of tangible capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (G) Basis of Segmentation (Schedule 2 & 3):

Municipal services have been segmented by grouping services that have similar objectives (by function). Revenues that are directly related to the costs of the function have been attributed to each segment.

#### (H) Contaminated Sites:

Governments are required to accrue a liability for the costs to remediate a contaminated site. Liabilities are recognized when an environmental standard exists, contamination exceeds the standard, the government has responsibility for remediation, future economic benefits will be given up and a reasonable estimate can be made.

Management has assessed its potential liabilities, including sites that are no longer in productive use and sites for which the City accepts responsibility. There are no such sites that had contamination in excess of an environmental standard requiring remediation at this time. Therefore, no liability was recognized as at December 31, 2021 or December 31, 2020.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

#### 2. Cash, cash equivalents and portfolio investments:

		2021		2020
Cash and cash equivalents Portfolio investments	\$	31,298,391 59,000,000 90,298,391	\$	38,242,672 52,000,000 90,242,672
Amounts are held or restricted for the following	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	00,212,072
Deferred development cost charges	յ բա \$	27,471,604	\$	24,071,236
Statutory reserves		15,143,624		14,891,748
Non-statutory reserves		29,458,114		30,213,266
Operating funds and working capital		18,225,049		21,066,422
	\$	90,298,391	\$	90,242,672

Cash and cash equivalents includes funds held in bank accounts at BMO Bank of Montreal earning interest of prime rate less 1.45% (2020 - prime rate less 1.45%).

Portfolio investments, which include term deposits, have effective interest rates between 1.05% and 1.65% (2020 - 1.30% and 2.65%) with varying maturity dates up to 12 months. Portfolio investments are recorded at amortized cost. The market value of the investments as at December 31, 2021 was \$59,000,000 (2020 - \$52,000,000). Investments are written down to net realizable value when there has been a decline other than a temporary one.

#### 3. Employee future benefits:

The City provides employee future benefits in the form of non-vested sick leave to qualifying employees. These benefits are accrued as earned and paid when taken by employees.

Employee sick leave is credited annually at 18 days per full year of service. Unused days are banked to a maximum of 120 days. The City does not pay out the value of the cumulative sick plan bank at retirement or termination of employment; however, the City could experience usage of these banks in periods leading up to retirement, resulting in a non-vested liability.

An actuarial evaluation of these benefits was performed to determine the City's estimated liability and accrued benefit obligation as at December 31, 2019 which was then extrapolated to December 31, 2021. The valuation resulted in an unamortized actuarial loss as of December 31, 2021 of \$73,694 (2020 - \$84,074). Actuarial losses are amortized over the estimated average remaining service life of employees. The next valuation will be as at December 31, 2023.

The employee future benefit liability at December 31, 2021 is comprised as follows:

	2021		2020
Benefit liability - beginning of year	\$ 377,026	\$	363,046
Current service cost	42,500		41,500
Interest cost	13,000		12,800
Benefits paid	(42,500)		(50,700)
Amortization of actuarial loss	10,380		10,380
Benefit liability - end of year	\$ 400,406	\$	377,026
Accrued benefit obligation - end of year	\$ 474,100	\$	461,100
Unamortized actuarial loss	(73,694)		(84,074)
Benefit liability - end of year	\$ 400,406	\$	377,026
Interest cost Benefits paid Amortization of actuarial loss Benefit liability - end of year Accrued benefit obligation - end of year Unamortized actuarial loss	\$ 13,000 (42,500) 10,380 400,406 474,100 (73,694)	\$ \$	12,800 (50,700) 10,380 377,026 461,100 (84,074)

Actuarial assumptions used to determine the City's accrued benefit obligation are as follows:

	2021	2020
Discount rate	2.70%	2.70%
Expected future inflation rate	2.50%	2.50%
Merit and inflationary earnings increases	2.58-4.63%	2.58-4.63%
Estimated average remaining service life	10.1	10.1

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

### 4. Payables to other governments:

In order to to assist with potential cash flow requirements caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Province of BC allowed the City to hold onto the 2020 School Property Tax collected until January 2021. This deferred payment created a large one time increase of \$5,773,809 in payables to other governments in 2020.

#### 5. Deferred development cost charges:

·	2020	Contributions Interest DCC Revenue Received Earned Recognized						2021	
Drainage	\$ 4,630,258	\$	609,296	\$	62,674	\$	-	\$	5,302,228
Public Open Spaces	4,202,081		259,239		54,994		(59,400)		4,456,914
Roads	7,758,394		2,002,108		110,069		(392,792)		9,477,779
Sewer	6,835,085		1,653,317		96,781		(678,085)		7,907,098
Water	2,375,702		482,853		33,117		-		2,891,672
	\$25,801,520	\$	5,006,813	\$	357,635	\$	(1,130,277)	\$ :	30,035,691

#### 6. Accumulated surplus:

Accumulated surplus is distributed as follows:

		2021		2020
Operating surplus				
General	\$	1,411,792	\$	1,389,417
Sewer & Drainage		1,156,284		1,153,473
Water		1,353,879		1,415,479
Equity in tangible capital assets		3,921,955		3,958,369
General	2	13,211,894	2	208,353,111
Sewer & Drainage		34,500,045		32,837,268
Water		24,549,789		23,723,290
Reserves (Schedule 1)	2	72,261,728	2	264,913,669
Statutory reserves		15,143,624		14,891,748
Non-statutory reserves		29,458,114		30,213,266
		44,601,738		45,105,014
	\$ 3	20,785,421	\$ 3	313,977,052

#### 7. Property tax revenue:

In addition to its own tax levies, the City is required to levy taxes on behalf of various other taxing authorities. These include the provincial government for local school taxes, and organizations providing regional services in which the Municipality has become a member. Total tax levies were comprised as follows:

	20	21 Financial			
	Plan			2021	2020
City property taxes	\$	31,435,365	\$	31,410,464	\$ 29,790,916
Grants in lieu of taxes		581,285		578,596	577,781
		32,016,650		31,989,060	30,368,697
Levies for other organizations					
School taxes				17,439,975	10,607,661
TransLink				3,786,398	3,551,844
British Columbia Assessment Authority				541,129	518,293
Metro Vancouver				711,738	619,484
Downtown Langley Merchants Assoc.				532,834	497,976
Municipal Finance Authority				2,543	2,429
Total collections for others				23,014,617	15,797,687
			\$	55,003,677	\$46,166,384

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

#### 8. Government transfers:

	202	1 Financial		
		Plan	2021	2020
Federal Government				
Community works fund	\$	133,880	\$ 271,456	\$ 132,591
		133,880	271,456	132,591
Provincial Government				
Hotel tax revenue		120,000	132,637	78,063
Carbon tax revenue sharing		22,800	27,569	22,809
Traffic fine revenue sharing		475,000	534,333	600,619
Canada-BC safe restart fund		792,565	-	4,151,000
		1,410,365	694,539	4,852,491
Municipalities and Regional Authorities				
Police building capital adjustment		40,200	31,459	51,233
Langley Youth & Family Services		381,190	353,619	361,809
Emergency preparedness		38,980	33,335	27,608
Major road network		633,000	672,000	96,000
Infrastructure funding		3,030,085	2,437,228	644,784
-		4,123,455	3,527,641	1,181,434
	\$	5,667,700	\$ 4,493,636	\$ 6,166,516

#### 9. Trust funds:

The City has excluded the following trust funds and associated cash and accounts receivable from the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and related interest earnings and transactions from the Consolidated Statement of Operations as they are held on behalf of third parties.

	2021			2020
Langley Christmas Bureau	\$	423,207	\$	408,241
Refundable deposits		11,408,693		11,696,393
Road bond reserve		41,350		41,350
Translink		278,307		62,400
Metro Vancouver		884,505		636,427
	\$	13,036,062	\$	12,844,811

These funds were received from the public for specific purposes or are deposited by developers and held by the City until all aspects for the development permit have been fulfilled.

#### 10. Expenditures and expenses by object (Schedules 2 & 3):

		2021		2020
	Operations	Capital	Total	Total
Salaries & benefits	\$ 15,062,836 \$	117,349	\$ 15,180,185	\$ 14,160,299
Goods and services	31,411,163	11,441,126	42,852,289	37,245,036
Contributed tangible capital assets		2,692,587	2,692,587	2,090,095
Total expenditures	46,473,999	14,251,062	60,725,061	53,495,430
Amortization	6,425,833	-	6,425,833	5,967,313
Total expenditures & expenses	\$ 52,899,832 \$	14,251,062	\$67,150,894	\$ 59,462,743

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

#### 11. Municipal pension plan:

The employer and its employees contribute to the Municipal Pension Plan (a jointly trusteed pension plan). The board of trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for administering the plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The plan is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. As at December 31, 2020, the plan has about 220,000 active members and approximately 112,000 retired members. Active members include approximately 42,000 contributors from local governments.

Every three years, an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the plan and adequacy of plan funding. The actuary determines an appropriate combined employer and member contribution rate to fund the plan. The actuary's calculated contribution rate is based on the entry-age normal cost method, which produces the long-term rate of member and employer contributions sufficient to provide benefits for average future entrants to the plan. This rate may be adjusted for the amortization of any actuarial funding surplus and will be adjusted for the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability.

The most recent valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan as at December 31, 2018, indicated a \$2,866 million funding surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

The City of Langley paid \$1,180,487 (2020 - \$1,105,259) for employer contributions while employees contributed \$976,741 (2020 - \$920,173) to the plan in fiscal 2021.

The next valuation will be as at December 31, 2021, with results available in 2022.

Employers participating in the plan record their pension expense as the amount of employer contributions made during the fiscal year (defined contribution pension plan accounting). This is because the plan records accrued liabilities and accrued assets for the plan in aggregate, resulting in no consistent and reliable basis for allocating the obligation, assets and cost to individual employers participating in the plan.

#### 12. Contingent liabilities:

A number of legal claims have been initiated against the City in varying and unspecified amounts. As none of the claims are likely to be successful and/or can not be reasonably estimated, no provisions have been recorded in the financial statements.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

#### 13. Financial plan:

The financial plan reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations represents the Financial Plan and Capital Improvement Plan bylaw adopted by City Council on February 22, 2021 and does not reflect any amendments approved after the original adoption.

The following reconciles the statutory financial plan and the financial plan surplus reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

	Financial Plan
Surplus as per Financial Plan Bylaw No. 3151	\$ -
Capital asset additions	15,915,140
Amortization expense	(6,000,000)
Debt repayment	441,580
Borrowing proceeds	(7,500,000)
Net use of reserves to balance financial plan Transfer to non-statutory reserves Transfer to statutory reserves Transfer from non-statutory reserves Transfer from statutory reserves Transfer from surplus	2,240,865 1,694,970 (5,719,420) (952,770) (40,000) (2,776,355)
Financial Plan Surplus as per Consolidated Statement of Operations	\$ 80,365

# 14. Contractual rights:

#### (A) Developer contributions:

The City has entered into a number of public works development agreements which require the developers to contribute various infrastructure assets to the City, including roads and underground utilities. The timing and extent of these future contributions vary depending on development activity and fair value of the assets received at time of contribution, which cannot be determined with certainty at this time.

#### (B) Gaming proceeds:

The City has a Host Financial Assistance Agreement with the Province of BC where the Province has agreed that 10% of the net gaming income from the Cascades Casino will be paid to the City of Langley, as financial assistance, for any purpose that would be of public benefit to the City. In 2021, the City recognized \$4,103,377 (2020 - \$1,533,582) in revenues from the Province. Due to COVID-19 the casino was temporarily closed from March 16, 2020 until July 1, 2021 when they resumed regular operations.

#### 15. COVID-19

On March 11, 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The pandemic caused signficant impacts to the City's operations. The pandemic continues to provide some uncertainty and may have a significant impact on the City's future operations. Potential impacts on the City's business could include future decreases in revenue and delays in completing capital project work. The situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and the financial effects of the City is not known at this time.

Schedule 1 Consolidated Schedule of Statutory and Non-statutory Reserves Year ended December 31, 2021

Statutory Reserves	Balance at Dec. 31, 2020	Developer Contributions	Int	ernal Transfer Additions	Interest	 ternal Transfer Expenditures	perational penditures	Capital Asset Additions	Balance at Dec. 31, 2021
Capital Works	\$ 11,923,793	\$ -	\$	2,154,450	\$ 144,887	\$ -	\$ (566,062)	\$ (1,890,689)	\$ 11,766,379
Equipment Replacement-Fire Dept.	719,712	-		55,000	9,546	-	-	(47,821)	736,437
Lane Development	276,342	-		-	3,528	-	-	-	279,870
Machinery Replacement	1,309,628	-		482,646	17,807	-	-	(135,132)	1,674,949
Off-Street Parking	327,943	-		11,115	4,242	-	-	-	343,300
Office Equipment Replacement	14,304	-		46,500	484	-	(10,986)	(22,250)	28,052
Parks and Recreation	279,926	-		177,500	4,477	-	(104,204)	(83,674)	274,025
P&R Future Projects	40,100	-		-	512	-	-	-	40,612
Total	\$ 14,891,748	\$ -	\$	2,927,211	\$ 185,483	\$ -	\$ (681,252)	\$ (2,179,566)	\$ 15,143,624

Non-statutory Reserves	Balance at Dec. 31, 2020	Developer Contributions	Internal Transfers Additions	Interest	Internal Transfer Expenditures	Operational Expenditures	Capital Asset Additions	Balance at Dec. 31, 2021
Community Works	\$ 6,097	\$ -	\$ 271,456	\$ 1,415	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (138,000)	\$ 140,968
Future Policing Costs	3,241,032	-	500,000	41,382	-	(2,234)	(476,235)	3,303,945
Gaming Proceeds	12,451,786	-	4,103,377	145,745	(598,682)	(1,026,417)	(2,524,468)	12,551,341
Major Road Network Rehab	1,727,795	-	393,685	22,069	-	-	(191,530)	1,952,019
Prosperity Fund	2,943,313	-	500,000	23,292	-	-	(1,900,000)	1,566,605
Sewer Future Capital	1,108,896	-	830,000	17,817	-	(443,941)	(456,205)	1,056,567
Sewer Insurance Claims	33,985	-	-	434	-	-	-	34,419
Special Bonds	5,744,657	(255,100)	-	71,702	-	(16,604)	(19,903)	5,524,752
Tax Stabilization	1,379,828	-	576,580	17,618	-	-	-	1,974,026
Water Future Capital	1,575,877	-	660,000	21,308	-	(894,503)	(9,210)	1,353,472
Total	\$ 30,213,266	\$ (255,100)	\$ 7,835,098	\$ 362,782	\$ (598,682)	\$ (2,383,699)	\$ (5,715,551)	\$ 29,458,114

**CITY OF LANGLEY** 

Schedule 2
Consolidated Report of Segmented Revenues and Expenses
Year ended December 31, 2021

	General government	Police service	Fire service	Other protective services	Engineering operations	Water utility	Sewer & drainage utility	Development services	Solid waste	Recreation services	Parks	2021	2021 Financial Plan
Revenue													Note 13
Property tax revenue	\$31,989,060											\$31,989,060	\$ 32,016,650
User fees and other revenue	913,440		8,800	66,338	196,649	5,569,961	4,624,415	2,231,762	714,927	18,672	451,619	14,797,258	13,988,290
Gaming proceeds	4,103,377		-,	,	,	-,,	,- ,	, - , -	,-	-,-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4,103,377	-
Government transfers	966,699			386,955	2,259,442	50,000	154,542	160,206				4,543,636	5,667,700
Investment earnings	907,665			•	. ,	,	,	,				907,665	574,000
DCC revenue recognized	, -				392,792		678,085				59,400	1,130,277	884,670
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-				(284,910)	(30,599)	(140,150)	)				(455,659)	-
Contributed tangible capital assets	-				1,368,453	366,784	957,350					2,692,587	-
Total Revenue	38,880,241	566,467	8,800	453,293	3,932,426	5,956,146	6,274,242	2,391,968	714,927	18,672	511,019	59,708,201	53,131,310
Expenses Operating Salaries & benefits Goods and services Debt servicing	3,219,681 2,167,506	•	4,391,882 687,956	132,771 665,470	1,894,911 2,267,512	675,201 4,455,213	451,302 3,315,348	1,002,486 248,189	20,856 694,180 -	1,858,018 2,231,455	1,405,910 1,253,218	15,062,836 31,411,163	16,568,580 30,347,365 135,000
Dobt oct violing	5,387,187	13,434,934	5,079,838	798,241	4,162,423	5,130,414	3,766,650	1,250,675	715,036	4,089,473	2,659,128	46,473,999	47,050,945
Amortization	451,484		325,610	700 044	2,779,309	440,044	630,676	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 745.026	872,463	799,800	6,425,833	6,000,000
Total Expenses	5,838,671	13,533,401	5,405,448	798,241	6,941,732	5,570,458	4,397,326	1,278,655	715,036	4,961,936	3,458,928	52,899,832	53,050,945
Annual Surplus (Deficit)	\$33,041,570	\$(12,966,934)	\$ (5,396,648)	\$ (344,948)	\$ (3,009,306)	\$ 385,688	\$ 1,876,916	\$ 1,113,313	\$ (109)	\$ (4,943,264)	\$ (2,947,909)	\$ 6,808,369	\$ 80,365

**CITY OF LANGLEY** 

Schedule 3 Consolidated Report of Segmented Revenues and Expenses Year ended December 31, 2020

	General government	Police service	Fire service	Other protective services	Engineering operations	Water utility	Sewer & drainage utility	Development services	Solid waste	Recreation services	Parks	2020	2020 Financial Plan
Revenue													
Property tax revenue	\$30,368,697	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$30,368,697	\$31,840,560
User fees and other revenue	1,650,540	1,485	6,963	66,057	451,158	4,934,841	4,139,616	1,886,983	693,653	18,713	358,882		12,770,840
Gaming proceeds	1,533,582	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	1,533,582	7,200,000
Government transfers	4,161,387	651,852	_	389,416	113,684	-	627,100	223,077	-	-	_	6,166,516	2,610,470
Investment earnings	1,280,883	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	1,280,883	742,500
DCC revenue recognized	-	_	_	_	402,800	-	150,608	_	-	-	358,803		1,372,890
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(81)	_	5,511	_	(14,005)	(26,494)	(90,609)	(700)	_	-	· <u>-</u>	(126,378)	
Contributed tangible capital assets	-	_	-	_	1,004,948	512,207	572,940	-	_	-	_	2,090,095	_
Total Revenue	38,995,008	653,337	12,474	455,473	1,958,585	5,420,554	5,399,655	2,109,360	693,653	18,713	717,685	56,434,497	56,537,260
Expenses Operating Salaries & benefits Goods and services Debt servicing	3,108,145 1,799,707 -	10,529 12,917,422 -	4,185,221 713,191 -	127,779 661,600 -	1,806,513 1,868,377 -	524,750 3,375,954 -	484,991 3,246,768 -	909,398 280,720 -	17,253 671,198 -	1,516,628 2,240,754 -	1,142,255 979,345 -		16,336,840 30,618,650 270,000
	4,907,852	12,927,951	4,898,412	789,379	3,674,890	3,900,704	3,731,759	1,190,118	688,451	3,757,382	2,121,600	42,588,498	46,955,490
Amortization	500,053	78,878	293,798	-	2,510,947	429,706	636,776	28,256	-	827,561	661,338	5,967,313	5,700,000
Total Expenses	5,407,905	13,006,829	5,192,210	789,379	6,185,837	4,330,410	4,368,535	1,218,374	688,451	4,584,943	2,782,938	48,555,811	52,925,490
Annual Surplus (Deficit)	\$33,587,103	\$(12,353,492)	\$ (5,179,736)	\$ (333,906)	\$ (4,227,252)	\$ 1,090,144	\$ 1,031,120	\$ 890,986	\$ 5,202	\$ (4,566,230)	\$ (2,065,253)	\$ 7,878,686	\$ 3,611,770

Schedule 4
Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

Year ended December 31, 2021 with comparative figures for 2020

2021	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Furniture & Equipment	Transportation Infrastructure	Sewer & Drainage Infrastructure	Water Infrastructure	Total
Historical cost <sup>1</sup>									
Opening cost	\$ 67,711,248	\$ 15,799,747	\$ 42,731,587	\$ 8,864,315	\$ 9,197,776	\$ 146,481,674	\$ 51,686,459	\$ 34,744,505	\$ 377,217,311
Additions	4,200,157	427,627	757,426	182,953	523,874	4,437,293	2,432,162	1,289,570	14,251,062
Disposals	-	-	-	(62,467)	(173,388)	(862,034)	(323,409)	(78,342)	(1,499,640)
	71,911,405	16,227,374	43,489,013	8,984,801	9,548,262	150,056,933	53,795,212	35,955,733	389,968,733
Accumulated amortization									
Opening balance	-	5,407,883	19,691,507	4,662,205	6,206,706	46,464,935	18,849,191	11,021,215	112,303,642
Amortization expense	-	631,738	1,418,959	508,511	373,514	2,431,404	629,235	432,472	6,425,833
Disposals	-	-	-	(61,214)	(173,388)	(556,866)	(183,259)	(47,743)	(1,022,470)
	-	6,039,621	21,110,466	5,109,502	6,406,832	48,339,473	19,295,167	11,405,944	117,707,005
Net book value	\$ 71,911,405	\$ 10,187,753	\$ 22,378,547	\$ 3,875,299	\$ 3,141,430	\$ 101,717,460	\$ 34,500,045	\$ 24,549,789	\$ 272,261,728

2020	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Furniture & Equipment	Transportation Infrastructure	Sewer & Drainage Infrastructure	Water Infrastructure	Total
Historical cost <sup>1</sup> Opening cost Additions	\$ 66,754,749 956.499	\$ 14,168,792 1,630,955	\$ 41,897,012 834,575	\$ 8,256,555 1,059,512	\$ 8,628,113 575,759	\$ 143,528,191 3.048.487	\$ 49,892,401 2,038,972	\$ 34,118,690 762.173	\$ 367,244,503 10,906,932
Disposals	67,711,248	15,799,747	42,731,587	(451,752) 8,864,315	(6,096) 9,197,776	(95,004) 146,481,674	, ,	(136,358) 34,744,505	(934,124) 377,217,311
Accumulated amortization Opening balance	-	4,929,329	18,238,533	4,576,248	5,910,534	44,342,201	18,369,710	10,708,770	107,075,325
Amortization expense Disposals	- - -	478,554 - 5,407,883	1,452,974 - 19,691,507	477,710 (391,753) 4,662,205	302,096 (5,924) 6,206,706	2,199,884 (77,150) 46,464,935	633,786 (154,305) 18,849,191	422,309 (109,864) 11,021,215	5,967,313 (738,996) 112,303,642
Net book value	\$ 67,711,248	\$ 10,391,864	\$ 23,040,080	\$ 4,202,110	\$ 2,991,070	\$ 100,016,739	\$ 32,837,268	\$ 23,723,290	\$ 264,913,669

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Included in historical cost are assets under construction with a total cost of \$33,747,994 (2020 - \$39,477,646). No amortization has been recorded on these assets as they are in progress and not complete at year-end.